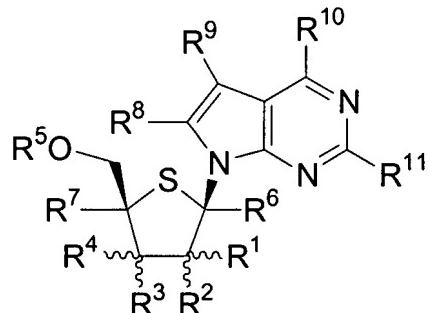


IN THE CLAIMS

The listing of the claims which follows replaces any and all prior versions and/or listings of the claims in the application.

1. (currently amended) A compound of the structural formula I:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

wherein R¹ is C₁₋₄ alkyl, wherein alkyl is unsubstituted or substituted with hydroxy, amino, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C₁₋₄ alkylthio, or one to three fluorine atoms;

R² is amino, fluorine, hydroxy, mercapto, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, or C₁₋₁₀ alkylcarbonyloxy;

R³ and R⁴ are each independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, cyano, azido, halogen, hydroxy, mercapto, amino, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C₁₋₁₀ alkylcarbonyloxy, C₂₋₄ alkenyl, C₂₋₄ alkynyl, and C₁₋₄ alkyl, wherein alkyl is unsubstituted or substituted with hydroxy, amino, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C₁₋₄ alkylthio, or one to three fluorine atoms;

R⁵ is hydrogen, C₁₋₁₀ alkylcarbonyl, P₃O₉H₄, P₂O₆H₃, or P(O)R¹³R¹⁴;

R⁶ and R⁷ are each independently hydrogen, methyl, hydroxymethyl, or fluoromethyl;

R⁸ is hydrogen, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₂₋₄ alkynyl, halogen, cyano, carboxy, C₁₋₄ alkyloxycarbonyl, azido, amino, C₁₋₄ alkylamino, di(C₁₋₄ alkyl)amino, hydroxy,

C₁₋₆ alkoxy, C₁₋₆ alkylthio, C₁₋₆ alkylsulfonyl, or (C₁₋₄ alkyl)O₂ aminomethyl;

R⁹ is hydrogen, ~~eyano~~, nitro, C₁₋₃ alkyl, NHCONH₂, CONR¹²R¹², CSNR¹²R¹², COOR¹², C(=NH)NH₂, hydroxy, C₁₋₃ alkoxy, amino, C₁₋₄ alkylamino, di(C₁₋₄ alkyl)amino, halogen, (1,3-oxazol-2-yl), (1,3-thiazol-2-yl), or (imidazol-2-yl); wherein alkyl is unsubstituted or substituted with one to three groups independently selected from halogen, amino, hydroxy, carboxy, and C₁₋₃ alkoxy;

R¹⁰ and R¹¹ are each independently hydrogen, hydroxy, halogen, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, amino, C₁₋₄ alkylamino, di(C₁₋₄ alkyl)amino, C₃₋₆ cycloalkylamino, di(C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl)amino, or C₄₋₆

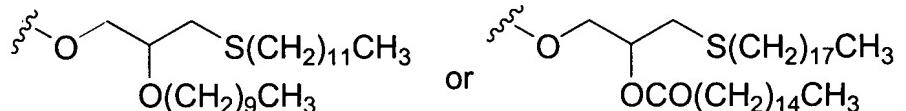
cycloheteroalkyl, unsubstituted or substituted with one to two groups independently selected from halogen, hydroxy, amino, C₁-4 alkyl, and

C₁₋₄ alkoxy;

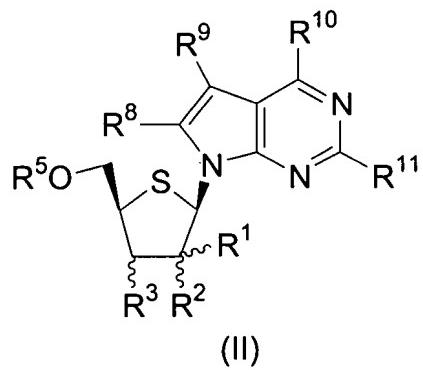
each R¹² is independently hydrogen or C₁₋₆ alkyl; and

R¹³ and R¹⁴ are each independently hydroxy, OCH₂CH₂SC(=O)C₁₋₄ alkyl,

OCH₂O(C=O)OC₁₋₄ alkyl, NHCHMeCO₂Me, OCH(C₁₋₄ alkyl)O(C=O)C₁₋₄ alkyl,



2. (currently amended) The compound of Claim 1 of the structural formula II:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

wherein

R¹ is C₁₋₃ alkyl, wherein alkyl is unsubstituted or substituted with hydroxy, amino, C₁₋₃ alkoxy, C₁₋₃ alkylthio, or one to three fluorine atoms;

R² is hydroxy, fluoro, C₁₋₃ alkoxy, or C₁₋₈ alkylcarbonyloxy;

R³ is hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, amino, C₁₋₃ alkoxy, or C₁₋₈ alkylcarbonyloxy;

R⁵ is hydrogen, C₁₋₈ alkylcarbonyl, P₃O₉H₄, P₂O₆H₃, or PO₃H₂;

R⁸ is hydrogen, amino, or C₁₋₄ alkylamino;

R⁹ is hydrogen, cyano-, methyl, halogen, or CONH₂; and

R10 and R11 are each independently hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, amino,

C₁-4 alkylamino, di(C₁-4 alkyl)amino, or C₃-6 cycloalkylamino.

3. (currently amended) The compound of Claim 2 claim 2, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein
R¹ is methyl, fluoromethyl, hydroxymethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, or aminomethyl;
R² is hydroxy, fluoro, or methoxy;
R³ is hydrogen, fluoro, hydroxy, amino, or methoxy;
R⁵ is hydrogen or P₃O₉H₄;
R⁸ is hydrogen or amino;
R⁹ is hydrogen, ~~eyano-~~ methyl, halogen, or CONH₂; and
R¹⁰ and R¹¹ are each independently hydrogen, fluoro, hydroxy, or amino.

4. (currently amended) The compound of Claim 3 which is selected from the group consisting of:
4-amino-7-(2-C-methyl-4-thio-β-D-ribofuranosyl)-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine; or
2-amino-7-(2-C-methyl-4-thio-β-D-ribofuranosyl)-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-4(3*H*)-one;
and the corresponding 5'-triphosphates; and
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

5. (currently amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of Claim 1 Claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

6. (original) The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 5 useful for inhibiting RNA-dependent RNA viral polymerase, inhibiting RNA-dependent RNA replication, and/or treating RNA-dependent RNA viral infection.

7. (original) The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 6 wherein said RNA-dependent RNA viral polymerase is HCV NS5B polymerase, said RNA-dependent RNA viral replication is HCV replication, and said RNA-dependent RNA viral infection is HCV infection.

8. (currently amended) A method of inhibiting HCV NS5B RNA-dependent RNA viral polymerase and/or inhibiting ~~RNA-dependent RNA~~ HCV viral replication comprising administering to a mammal in need of such inhibition an effective amount of a compound according to Claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. Claim 1.

9. (canceled)

10. (currently amended) A method of treating ~~RNA-dependent RNA viral-HCV infection~~ comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment an effective amount of a compound according to Claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. Claim 1.

11. (canceled)

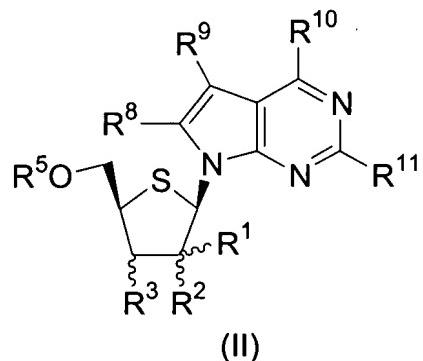
12. (currently amended) The method of Claim 10 -~~11~~- in combination with a therapeutically effective amount of another agent active against HCV.

13. (original) The method of Claim 12 wherein said agent active against HCV is ribavirin; levovirin; thymosin alpha-1; interferon- β ; an inhibitor of NS3 serine protease; an inhibitor of inosine monophosphate dehydrogenase; interferon- α or pegylated interferon- α , alone or in combination with ribavirin or levovirin.

14. (original) The method of Claim 13 wherein said agent active against HCV is interferon- α or pegylated interferon- α , alone or in combination with ribavirin.

15.-20. (canceled)

21. (new) A method of treating HCV infection which comprises administering to a mammal in need of such treatment an effective amount of a compound of structural formula II:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

wherein

R¹ is C₁₋₃ alkyl, wherein alkyl is unsubstituted or substituted with hydroxy, amino, C₁₋₃ alkoxy, C₁₋₃ alkylthio, or one to three fluorine atoms;

R² is hydroxy, fluoro, C₁₋₃ alkoxy, or C₁₋₈ alkylcarbonyloxy;

R³ is hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, amino, C₁₋₃ alkoxy, or C₁₋₈ alkylcarbonyloxy;

R⁵ is hydrogen, C₁₋₈ alkylcarbonyl, P₃O₉H₄, P₂O₆H₃, or PO₃H₂;

R⁸ is hydrogen, amino, or C₁₋₄ alkylamino;

R⁹ is hydrogen, cyano, methyl, halogen, or CONH₂; and

R¹⁰ and R¹¹ are each independently hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, amino,

C₁₋₄ alkylamino, di(C₁₋₄ alkyl)amino, or C₃₋₆ cycloalkylamino.

22. (new) The method according to claim 21, wherein in the compound of formula II, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof:

R¹ is methyl, fluoromethyl, hydroxymethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, or aminomethyl;

R² is hydroxy, fluoro, or methoxy;

R³ is hydrogen, fluoro, hydroxy, amino, or methoxy;

R⁵ is hydrogen or P₃O₉H₄;

R⁸ is hydrogen or amino;

R⁹ is hydrogen, cyano, methyl, halogen, or CONH₂; and

R¹⁰ and R¹¹ are each independently hydrogen, fluoro, hydroxy, or amino.

23. (new) The method according to claim 22, wherein the compound is selected from the group consisting of:

4-amino-7-(2-C-methyl-4-thio-β-D-ribofuranosyl)-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine;

2-amino-7-(2-C-methyl-4-thio-β-D-ribofuranosyl)-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-4(3*H*)-one;

corresponding 5'-triphosphates; and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.